Multan Board Group-I (First Annual Examination 2025)

Paper Code	2025 (1st-A)	Roll No:	
Number: 4475	INTERMEDIATE PART - II (12th CLASS)		

PHYSICS PAPER- II GROUP - I

TIME ALLOWED: 20 Minutes OBJECTIVE MAXIMUM MARKS: 17

Note: You have four choices for each objective type question as A, B, C and D. The choice which you think is correct, fill that bubble in front of that question number on bubble sheet. Use marker or pen to fill the bubbles. Cutting or filling two or more bubbles will result in zero mark in that question.

Q.NO.1

U.NL), I				
Sr.	Questions	A	В	С	D
1.	A device which uses phenomenon of mutual induction.	Motor	Television	Transformer	Transistor
2	The device which allows only the flow of D.C is:	Capacitor	Generator	Transformer	Inductor
3	As $P = I_{rms} \times V_{rms} \cos \theta$, in this $\cos \theta$ is:	Gain factor	power factor	Lass factor	Phase factor
4	Application of superconductor is:	x – ray	Microwav	Laser	MRI
5	Transistor stand for:	Transfer of resistance	Transfer of charge	Transfer of voltage	Transfer of current
6	A sensor of light is:	Transisto	LED	Light dependent resistance	Diode
7	Radiation emitted by a human body at normal temperature it s in:	x - reys region	Ultraviolet region	Visible region	Infrared region
8	The value of Plank's consta it is:	6.63×10 ⁻³⁴ Js ²	6.63×10 ³⁴ Js	6.63×10 ⁻³⁴ Js ²	6.63×10 ⁻³⁴ Js
9	Photon emitted in h ner shell	Energetic	Characteristic	Continuous	Discontinuous
100	transition are.	x - rays	x – rays	x – rays	x – rays
10	Radiotherapy is generally done with x-rays emitted from:	Strontium – 90	Iodine – 131	Sodium – 24	Cobalt – 60
11	The binding energy per nucleon is maximum for:	Uranium	Lithium	Iron	Oxygen
12	The electric field created by positive point charge is:	Radially - outward	Radially inward	Circular	Oblique
13	The electric intensity due to infinite positive sheet of charge is:	$\frac{q}{arepsilon_{o}}$	$\frac{\sigma}{2\varepsilon_{o}}$	<u>q</u> · <u>A</u>	- Zero
14	In carbon resistor, the value of blue colour is:	7	8	6	9
15	Output waveform of sweep or time base generator is:	Square wave	Sinusoidal wave	R stangular . wave	Saw tooth wave
16	A voltmeter is always connected in circuit in:	-Series	Parallel	Perpendicular .	Tangent
17	Maximum emf generated in a generator:	$\varepsilon_0 = NIV.1B$	$\varepsilon = NWAB$ $\sin \theta$	$\epsilon_0 \sin \theta$	$\varepsilon_0 = \varepsilon \sin \theta$

INTE	ERMEDIATE PART - II (12th C		2025 (1st-	A)	Roll No.
PHYS					
	ALLOWED: 2.40 Hours	SUBJECT			IMUM MARKS: 68
NOTE:	Write same question number			as give	en in the question paper.
Q2. A	ttempt any eight parts.	SECTION -			8×2=16
(i)	The potential is constant through	nout a given region of	space. Is the el	lectric f	ield zero or non-zero in
	this region? Explain.	W. A			
(ii)	Electric lines of force never cros	s. Why?	tial difference	of 2 01/	
(iii)	A particle carrying a charge of 2. Calculate the energy acquired by	e tans through a poten	tiai difference	01 3.07	
(iv)	Why the capacitance of a capacito	or increase by inserting	a dielectric bety	ween the	plates of a capacitor?
(v)	Suppose that a charge q is moving	ng in a uniform magne	tic field with a	velocit	y v.
(,,	Why is there no work done by the	e magnetic force that	acts on charge	q?	
(vi)	Why the voltmeter should have a	very high resistance?	40		
(vii)	Find the value of magnetic field	that will cause a max	imum force of	2.0×10	-3 Non a 10cm straight
6 1115	wire carrying a current of 5A.	d the direction of mas	natic field inci-	da acu	van i garrulag salavald
(viii)	Explain the right hand rule to fin If a nucleus has a half life of 1 year				
(ix)	What factors make a fusion reac			y ul cav	ed after 2 years? Explain,
(xi)	What are Gauge bosons? Give a) •	
(xii)	Explain p-p reaction in sun with				
	ttempt any eight parts.	and help of equalions			8×2=16
(i)	A potential difference is applied velocity of free electrons by (i) temperature of the wire	increasing the poten	ti Il difference	(ii) dec	reasing the length and
(ii)	What are the difficulties in testing	ng whether the fit men	t of the lighted	bulb ob	eys Ohm's law?
(iii)	What will be the numerical valu violet and orange respectively?				
(iv)	How many times per second wit to a 50Hz source?				
(v)	How does doubling the frequency				capacitor?
(vi)	A sinusoidal current has real			alue?	
(vii)	What is meant by para, clia a. d f				
(viii)	What is doping? W'th woing, re	esistance of semicondu	ctor increases	or decre	ases.
(IX) ·	Explain forbidden energy gap.	- reverse blessed state?			
(xi)	Why a phote tion is operated in Why charge carriers are not pres		rion?		
(xii)	Write Boolean expression and tr			_	
	ttempt any six parts.	dir idole of extraorre	TOTE BUILD.	- N	6×2=12
(i)	Differentiate between mutual inc	duction and mutual ind	luctance.		0 NZ-12
(ii)	Define energy density in case of	inductor and write its	formula,		
(iii)	Does the induced emf in a circui	t depend on the resista	nce of the circu	ıit?	
4	Does the induced current depend				
(iv)	Differentiate between inertial fra				
(vi)	Draw the characteristic curves of Will bright light eject more elect				
(vii)	Why don't we observe a Compto			et fight	of the same colour?
(viii)	What are biological effects of X		giiti		•
(ix)	Is energy conserved when an ato		ht?		
()	,	SECTION .			
Note:	Attempt any THREE questions.	OLC TION :	**		3×8=24
	Discuss the charging and disch	arging of a capacitor li	ı detail.		5
(b)				at is the	current in the wire? 3
Q6.(a) (b)					
Q7.(a)					
(b)	A $10mH$, 20Ω coil is connec	ted across 240V and	$\frac{180}{\pi}$ Hz sour	ce. Hov	w much power does it
00 /-	dissipate?	o 2 Uniu Daviosan and	Cormer avacria	nont ser	ofirmed it2
Q8.(a) (b)		subjected to stretchi	ng force and it	ts lengt	th increased by 20cm.
Q9.(a)					. 5
(b)					3